THE DAILY GAZETTE.

No. 3085. COLORADO SPRINGS, TUESDAY, MAY 13, 1881. Price Five Cents.

HEWITT'S TARIFF BILL.

Provisions of Congressman Hewitt's Measure.

The Free List as he Wants it--Changes Proposed.

A Remarkable Cut in Eastern Rates Announced.

Hewitt's Bill

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Representative Hewitt's new tariff bill after making modifications to simplify the administration of customs laws provides that after the 30th of June, '84, the internal revenue tax on brandy distilled exclusively from apples, peaches and grapes, shall be 10 cents on each proof gallon or wine gallon when below proof. After January 1st, '85, no article mentioned in schedule "I," cotton and cotton goods, shall pay a higher rate of duty than 40 per cent ad valorem; in schedule "J," hemp, jute and flax, than 30 per cent; in schedule "K," wool and woolens, than 20 per cent; and carpets and carpeting shall not pay higher than 35 per cent ad valorem; and in schedules "B" and "C," earthenware and glassware and metals, than 50 per cent; on all articles except those specifically mentioned, in schedules "A," chemicals, "D," wood, "G," provisions, "M," books, "N," sundries, other than precious stones, and "E," sugar, there shall be levied 90 per cent duties imposed on articles. In schedule "F," tobacco, there shall be levied 80 per cent, duties now imposed. On still wines in casks the duty shall be 40 cents per gallon. It repeals that clause of the law of 1883 which imposes a tax of six-tenths of one per cent per pound on iron or steel, rivet, screw, nail and fence wire rods, round, in coils and loops, valued at 3½ cents or less per pound, and authorizes the secretary of the treasury to refund to any manufacturer of fence wire or wire baling ties the amount of duties which has been paid on imported iron or steel wire rods actually used in the manufacture of fence wire or baling ties. The following articles are put in the free list: Salt in bags, sacks, barrels or other packages, or in bulk; coal slacks or culm, coke, coal, bituminous or shale; provided this shall not apply to coal imported from Canada until that government shall have exempted from payment of duty all coal imported into that country from the United States; timber, hewn and sawed, and timber used for spars in building wharves, timber squared or sided, not specially enumerated or provided for in this act, sawed boards, plank deals and other lumber, wood unmanufactured not specially enumerated or provided for in this act; iron ore, including manganiferous iron ore, the dross or residuum from burnt pyrites and sulphur ore and iron pyrites; copper, imported in the form of ores; lead ore and lead dross; nickel in ore or matte; chromate of iron or chromic ore; hay; chicory root, ground or unground; burnt or prepared acorns; dandelion root, raw or prepared; and all other articles used or intended to be used as coffee or as a substitute therefor, not specially enumerated or provided for in this act; jute, jute butts, flax straw, flax not hackled or dressed, tow of flax or hemp, hemp, manilla and other like substitutes for hemp not specially enumerated or provided for; grass and other vegetable substitutes not specially enumerated or provided for; bristles, beeswax, lime, glycerine, crude extract, hemlock and other bark used for tanning use not otherwise enumerated or provided for in this act; indigo extracts of, and carmines, tartar partly refined, blueing, lees, crystals, cement, roman, portland and all others, whiting and Paris white, dry nitrate of potash or saltpetre, wood-tar, coal tar, crude coal tar, products of such as naptha, benzine, benzole, dead oil and pitch, all preparations of coal tar, not colors or dyes or not specially enumerated or provided for in this act; ochre and ochry earths, umber and umber earth, sienna and sienna earths, all earths or clays unwrought or unmanufactured not specially enumerated or provided for in this act; all barks, beans, berries, balsams, buds, bulbs, and bulbous roots and excrescences such as nutgalls, fruits, flowers, dried fibres, grains, gums and gum resins, herbs, leaves, lichens, mosses, nuts, roots and stems, vegetables, seeds, morbid growth of weeds, woods used expressly for dyeing and dried insects, any of the foregoing of which are not edible but which have been advanced in value or condition by refining or grinding or other process of manufacture and not specially enumerated or provided for in this act; iron or steel, sheets or plates or taggers iron, coated with tin or lead or with a mixture of which these metals are component parts by dipping or any other process and commercially known as tin plates, terne plates and taggers tin; wools of the third class commonly known as carpet wools, asphaltum, living animals, copperas or sulphate iron, microscopes imported by physicians for professional use and not for sale, copper ingots, old copper, regulus of copper, goat skins, rags, books in foreign languages and professional books not published in the United States imported in single copies for use and not for sale, crude borax, refined borax, and boracic acid, grindstones in rough, stones unmanufactured or undressed, free stones, granite, sandstones and all building or monumental stone except marble, not specially enumerated or provided for, paintings in oil and water colors and statuary not otherwise provided for; osier or willow prepared for basket makers' use, waste and all raw and manufactured material not specially provided for by the existing law. The president is requested to withdraw consuls of the United States from places which are not ports of entry wherever in the judgment of the secretary of the treasury they are no longer required for the protection of revenue. Section 6 abolishes all fees, and oaths required by existing laws relating to the entry of goods are abolished, and it is provided that when such fees constitute all or part of the compensation of any officer the latter shall receive in lieu thereof a fixed salary. It is further provided that the secretary of the treasury shall grant permission to any firm or corporation to withdraw from bond alcohol or any spirits containing alcohol subject to internal revenue tax in specified quantities not less than 300 proof gallons without payment of internal revenue tax on the same or spirits from which it may have been distilled, for the sole purpose of use in industrial pursuits.

Eastern Passenger Rates.

DENVER, May 12.—For several days passenger rates between Denver and Missouri river points have been in a very unsettled condition, but not until to-day has a cut been openly declared. Agents of the Burlington & Missouri, Union Pacific and Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe roads announce a cut unprecedented in the history of western roads, viz: Kansas City $5, St. Louis $6.50; Chicago $14.50, New York $28; in fact they are selling tickets to any principal eastern point for the Kansas rate to that point, and as eastern roads refuse to pro rate on this cut the result is that the above-named roads are carrying through passengers free to Kansas City. Pool Commissioner Daniels to-day issued a circular ordering restoration of rates to Missouri points, to take effect on the 15th inst. This order, it is said, will surely be ignored.

Racing at Denver.

DENVER, May 12. The second day's race of the Denver Jockey club was not a success, owing to rain which was threatening early and the attendance was small. There were two running races and one trotting race on the programme. The trotting race was called first. Cling, Creepy, Black Tom, Mollie Long and Lady Mack were entered in the 2.35 class, but Mollie Long was withdrawn before the start. The first heat was trotted in a blinding rain. Cling sold as favorite, but managed to get second place only in the heat, which was won by Creepy. Before the second heat Cling was still the favorite, but only managed to reach fourth place, Black Tom winning. Lady Mack won the next two heats and then owing to cold the races were postponed until to-morrow. The betting on Cling was lively, but it is hardly probable she can win. Creepy is owned by Maxey Tabor, son of Senator Tabor, and he backed her heavily. The outcome is to be seen. The number of sporting men in the city are well supplied with money and the horses entered are considered first class. The day's summary is:

Creepy	1	3	1	3
Cling	2	4	2	4
Lady Mack	3	2	1	1
Black Tom	4	1	3	2

Time—2.41¼, 2.35, 2.46¼, 2.47.

Denver's City Clerk Contest.

DENVER, May 13.—The city clerk contest took a very sudden turn this morning by Aldermen McGillivray, McLaughlin, Anderson and Mr. Speer, the contestant, together with his deputy, Scott Truxton, literally throwing Lehmer out of the office and taking possession. At about eleven o'clock Alderman McGilliray walked into the city clerk's office and asked to see some papers which were locked in the big safe. Lehmer intending to comply with the request opened the safe door when McGilliviay pushed him aside and refused to allow the door to be locked. Alderman McLaughlin and Speer together with the new deputy, Truxton, came upon the scene with a rush understanding and before the astonished Lehmer knew what the gentlemen were up to they reached inside of the railing and proceeded to literally throw him outside of the railing and outdoors. The combination of the safe was changed and the doors for the time being locked. Several of Lehmer's supporters appeared upon the scene but the McGilliviay faction exhibited their police badges, at the sight of which peace was immediately restored. Mr. Speer holds the fort and apprehends no further trouble.

Trouble in Indian Territory.

ST. LOUIS, May 12.—Late advices from Indian territory are to the effect that trouble is brewing among full-blood Choctaws in consequence of a law recently enacted by the national council under which all criminals are removed to a court remote from the point where the crime is committed. It is alleged there is a secret society of full-blood Choctaws, the members of which are sworn to protect each other, and they are bitterly opposed to the new law. There is an outbreak among them and Choctaw militia have been called out and stationed at different points to meet such emergency.

A Receiver for the Wabash.

NEW YORK, May 12.—It is officially announced that the Wabash company will be placed in the hands of a temporary receiver until plans for placing the property on a solid basis is effected. It is estimated ninety days will be required for negotiation. Under the consolidated mortgage bonds will be expended for first preferred stock. This action sets at rest reports that the Missouri Pacific would be called upon to take care of Wabash debts.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

Walsh Tells His Story to a Congressional Committee.

The Increase of his Pay--His Opinion of Bliss.

Col. Morrow Before the Swaim Court of Inquiry.

Walsh Testifies.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Before the Springer committee to-day John A. Walsh, formerly star route contractor, testified: "I was offered $18,500 for my route. A man named Hines came up to me and said he wanted money, and said if I did not pay I would get left. 'Well,' I replied, 'I'll get left anyhow.' He wanted $20,000, and he proposed to have the pay on the route increased. I asked him how to get more pay. He said it would be easy enough. I agreed to pay Hines the money and almost simultaneously the pay on the route was increased to $135,000 annually for the next three years, but the increase did not last long. A regular whirlwind was raised and investigation was begun. Newspapers claimed there was fraud and that I was in it. I was called before an investigating committee with Blackburn as chairman. I told the committee it was making a mistake but the committee went on. Nothing came of the investigation however. After the investigation I was approached by Chas. Andrews, a nice young man in the auditor's office. He handed me a list. He had me down for $8,000. 'What for?' I asked. 'That congressional investigation,' he said. 'Well I didn't have any money for congressional investigation. Then Andrews said the old man wanted to see me. Brady was the old man. I went to see him. He asked about the money. I said Andrews was not in earnest. 'Yes indeed,' he replied. 'My God,' I said, 'I haven't any $8,000.' Shortly after the route was cut down one trip. Witness then told how Brady asked for "ginger," said he was not increasing routes for amusement and wanted $8,000 for congressional investigations. "I tried to make Brady feel bad," said Walsh, "and told him I thought he would be indicted. He said there was no danger of that; he had a corner on the grand jury." Shortly afterward Brady declared Walsh was a failing contractor. Walsh then began to review Bliss' testimony before the committee and contradicted the attorney's statements. He said there other witnesses that should have been called. Witness said: "Bliss puts me in the attitude of committing perjury to convict myself." He continued, "I had a talk with Merrick at one time and told him what testimony I had given to the grand jury relative to the Kellogg case. Merrick replied that Bliss had not informed him of the nature of the testimony. He said Geo. Bliss is a d d scoundrel, and I replied that there was no difference of opinion between us. When before the Hutchinson grand jury I got into a most hostile atmosphere. The case against Kellogg was so strong comment is unnecessary. That was the time Bliss said it was a serious thing to indict a United States senator. I recognized that the defendants were well represented before the jury. One juryman named Truesdale was very importunate and resorted to a rigid cross-examination. I think an effort was made on the part of the grand jury to discredit me before the petit jury and the country. I had my papers there but the jury did not seem to want to see them and when Bliss remarked it was a serious thing to indict a senator I thought the men knew their business. There was enough evidence before that jury to make 100 indictments. If the government in the future treats its witnesses as they did me they will have to be extraordinary men." Walsh said he was afterwards invited by Merrick to appear before a grand jury. He continued, "I refused if the government was to be represented in the grand jury room by Bliss. He was not an honest man. I have been harsh on Brewster. From what I have learned I am satisfied I have treated him unfairly and have not done him justice. I am willing to apologize. He was entangled and George Bliss is responsible for entangling him." Walsh will appear again to-morrow.

The Swaim Inquiry.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—In the Swaim court of inquiry Col. Morrow, Sixth cavalry, testified to the circumstances attending his negotiating a loan of $1,500 from Bateman & Co. in March '83. He went with McKibben to General Swaim to ask for a loan of $8,000. Swaim told him he was unable to loan it to him, but gave him a note of introduction. He said that in company with McKibben he had gone to Bateman & Co., and asked for a loan of $8,000, which had been refused him, and finally he had accepted from them $1,500 depositing accounts of four months pay as security. He said he had not said anything to Swaim about his pay accounts at the time of their interview. On cross examination witness was asked if the accounts he deposited with Bateman & Co. as security were a triplication of his pay accounts. Calkins objected, saying the witness could not be asked to criminate himself, and the court sustained the objection. Major McKibben testified to having gone with Morrow to see Swaim and the subsequent visit to the bank. Witness knew from Morrow the condition of his accounts, and his having duplicated and triplicated his vouchers; did not tell Swaim about them and did not know that Swaim knew anything about them; had not mentioned the fact at Bateman's bank because they had refused a loan of the entire amount and he told Morrow not to take the $1,500 offered. He did not want to make the fact known except if the loan could be secured, and that was why he had not mentioned it to General Swaim or at the bank.

The Markets.

NEW YORK, May 12.—Money lent at 3 to 4, closing 2½ to 3; prime paper 4 to 5½; sterling exchange barely steady 4.87, demand 4.89; governments lower; railways weaker for West Shore; state securities dull and weak. The day opened with a lower market for stocks on the announcement that Union Pacific had cut passenger rates from Denver to Chicago. It was also reported the Standard Oil company was in trouble, but this statement was met by a prompt denial from the treasurer of the company. Prices dropped ½ to 2 per cent, the latter Central Pacific. Other weak stocks were Northwestern, St. Paul, Lackawanna and Union Pacific. Before the first call it was officially announced from the Union Pacific office that rates between Chicago and Denver were being strictly maintained. At this time sharp borrowing for stocks set in and prices rose 1½ to 2. Later a general decline took place. Before 1 p. m. Northwestern rallied to 1.07⅞, St. Paul to 77¾ and Union Pacific to 51½. Later the market became very irregular, but at 2 p. m. Union Pacific became very weak and broke under large offerings. St. Paul was again freely pressed for sale and touched 75½. After delivery hour a better feeling prevailed and a number of shorts bought in "under the ruin" for non-delivery, but near the close a weaker feeling set in and the market left off steady. Compared with Saturday's closing prices are 3⅞ per cent lower for St. Paul, ⅞ for Union Pacific and Quincy, 2½ for Central Pacific, 2 for Omaha preferred, 1⅞ for Wabash preferred, 1½ for Oregon Transcontinental and ½ to ½ for other active shares. Denver is ½ higher, showing a gaining of 8,780 shares for the week. The stock exchange re-elected President Hatch. Transactions 520,000.

There was fair business in mining shares during the morning and prices ruled firm and in the case of Comstocks generally strong. Sales included Stormont at 11, Consolidated Virginia 24 to 28, Colorado Central 34 to 40, Eastern Oregon 06, Grand Prize 26, Iron Silver 1.00, Standard 1.45 and Sutro Tunnel 13. The Bonanza King will pay a dividend of 25 cents per share on the 15th inst.

do	109¼	do	122¾
Adams Express	135	American Express	96
C. B. & Q.	118	Erie	34¾
D. & R. G.	11½	Preferred	86
C. P.	56	N. Y. C.	111¾
Missouri Pacific	78¼	U. P.	49¾
Northwestern	107	Wells Fargo	109
Preferred	134½	Quicksilver	3
Texas Pacific	13¾	Preferred	25
U. S. Express	53	Homestake	8
W. U. T.	58¾	Sutro	13
Ontario	27	Northern Pacific	22¾
Iron Silver	100	Preferred	51½

Gladstone's Reply.

LONDON, May 12. In the commons to-day Gladstone replying to a motion reflecting upon the government strenuously denied that the government had deserted General Gordon. The opposition, he said, demanded a war of conquest upon a people struggling to be free. El Mahdi was fighting for freedom. Continuing, Gladstone said the government had not done a single act that was not for the safety and success of General Gordon. He referred to official dispatches to prove General Gordon's security and justify the action of the government. It may become the duty of the government, he continued, to plant a British force in that terrible fever ridden country, but the government declines to be driven on without considering the blood, honor and treasure of England. [Cheers].

The commons was never so crowded as last night during the debate on the censure motion. Gladstone's speech lasted an hour and a quarter.

Methodist Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, May 12.—In the Methodist conference Bishop Harris announced that the bishops met on Saturday in Bishop Simpson's room to consider questions presented by the conference and agreed on the following: "In view of the action of two of your standing committees concerning the establishing of two episcopal residences abroad and of discussion by the general conference, we consider it is not wise to fix an episcopal residence at this time in Europe, India, Africa or any of those countries, and if so decided this would not affect our opinion hitherto expressed as to the number of bishops to be elected by the conference." A resolution was adopted that color be no bar to the right or privilege of any office in the Methodist Episcopal church.

Slosson and Schaeffer.

CHICAGO, May 12. Geo. F. Slosson and Jacob Schaeffer played a game of billiards at Central Music hall to-night for the balk line championship of the world and a wager of $5,000. The hall was filled. The game was the regular eight-inch balk line, 800 points up. Slosson opened the play. It was a one-sided affair from the start, Schaeffer quickly securing the lead, which he steadily increased as the game progressed. Slosson seemed not in playing trim and fell far short of expectation. He rallied in the last innings but it was then too late. Slosson's total was 334.

The Marine Bank.

WASHINGTON, May 12. The examiner of of the Marine bank of New York in his letter to the comptroller expresses the opinion that depositors will receive from 75 to 80 per cent, and in case the estates of Fish and Grant and Ward are properly managed depositors may be paid in full.

Ferdinand Ward filed an assignment to-day for the benefit of his creditors. An attachment was granted to-day against the property of Fred Grant.

A French Diplomatic Victory.

LONDON, May 12.—The Pall Mall Gazette says: The Franco-Chinese treaty of peace cedes France more than France ever claimed. The Gazette pronounces this serious news if true and says it is difficult to understand why Li Hing Chang, who has been disgraced, should sign the treaty, if the news shall be confirmed. It says further that Prime Minister Ferry will be much stronger and be able by his energy to regain the position once held by France in Egypt.

The Egyptian Situation.

CAIRO, May 12.—Musvi Mudvi Dongola telegraphs that the situation is alarming and the inhabitants in a panic. Only four companies of Egyptian regulars and two hundred Bazonks are in the city. The wires beyond Korosko are no more. Fugitives will be able to cross the desert.

CRESTED BUTTE.

History and Description of the Western Pittsburg.

Its Coal and Precious Metals--Future Possibilities.

A Field for the Capitalist and Prospector.

We give below another of the series of letters from Judge Hookey to Captain De Courcsey, but, as among our readers will, we trust, be a large number of Raymond's New England excursion party which to-day embarks on the D. & R. G. cars at Manitou for a trip through the Royal Gorge, over the Marshall Pass and on to Gunnison, to each member of which party a copy of this issue of the GAZETTE will be presented on the cars at Colorado Springs, we preface Judge Hookey's letter with a quick resume of some of the main points in the history of Crested Butte, from which place Judge Hookey writes.

Crested Butte is a village of about 2,000 people, beautifully located at the head of a valley three miles wide by twelve long, about twenty-eight miles due north of the city of Gunnison, the county seat of the county of the same name. Its altitude is 9,000 feet above sea level, and it derives its name from a lofty, noble, shapely block of red granite, which rises abruptly from the soil at the head of the valley, rearing its crest above all the neighboring peaks to a height of exactly 12,000 feet, which has been known ever since the "prospector" first made his way into the country as "Crested Butte mountain." It is a noble sight to sit on the north porch of the Elk Mountain hotel at Crested Butte, of a summer afternoon, and to let the eye linger on the grandeur of the chain of snow-capped peaks to the north, east and west—with "Crested Butte," a little to the east of north, seemingly towering above them all, a sheer 3,000 feet above where you sit; its sides of red granite appearing to glisten in the sunlight, and apparently so close (although three miles away) that a pistol bullet could readily be thrown into the trees which dot its sides. It is a noble thing enough, I say, just to sit and think, while contemplating those grandeurs of nature in repose, of a summer's afternoon; but suddenly the sky becomes overcast; The thunder's ponderous roll is heard rumbling away or advancing from the hills; the lightning's flash upon flash pierces through the rain charged clouds. One imagines that two grand armies are at artillery play off against each other. The clouds are rent and the rain gushes through. Suddenly again the thunder crash recedes; the lightning ceases to play; the sun breaks through the clouds, more brilliant than before, apparently, for his enforced retirement. The rain, which had been descending in torrents, now comes sailing down through the sun, lightly and gently and shining like gold and silver, and then forms, right under your very eye, on the side of grand old Crested Buttes facing you as you sit, a series of lovely, gorgeous rainbows—two, three, six or more one above the other, more beautiful than rainbow ever was before, spanning the mountain from side to side and apparently painted one above the other on its red walls, so close are you to them. One such sight as this should suffice for a lifetime, and would repay the hardships of a long journey to see it; but here one looks on it nearly every day in summer; and the entire series of transitions from peaceful quiet sunlight, into the terrific thunder storm; through its gradations, into the glorious "cascade" of rainbows, back to the gentle, quiet sunlight again; all this takes perhaps twenty minutes of time, although the rapt, entranced spectator, should he have a soul for poetic grandeur and the "art of nature," has the emotions of a life time engraven on his heart.

Crested Butte, although second to Gunnison City in population, is really the principal city of Gunnison county in importance. Differing from most "camps" or ordinary mountain towns, which rely upon their silver products or their locations as the center of a silver producing country; it is also the point at which is mined in large supply, an anthracite coal which is intrinsically better than the "Lehigh" coal of Pennsylvania; and also the spot where is mined the coal from which is manufactured right there on the ground, in ever increasing quantity, a character of coke greatly superior to the Welsh coke, or to the celebrated Connellsville coke of Pennsylvania. So true is this that the Crested Butte coke now has a monopoly of the market over all the United States on the Union Pacific and Central Pacific roads and branches, west of the Missouri river. At Crested Butte is also mined a variety of bituminous coals, as good as any coals of the kind found in the country. In fact, Crested Butte seems to be the heart of the coal kingdoms. All kinds and characters of coals seem to centre here in illimitable amount, and in formations which apparently overturn all preconceived theories or principles of the geologists. The demand for these coals and the industries these coals will inaugurate, must surely establish Crested Butte as a large and steadily growing city, and its natural location as the supply point for all the rich mining districts and camps within fifty miles to the north, east and west of it will also tend to build it into a city of large dimensions. Among these contributary camps and towns, may be named Ruby, Irwin, Gothic, Scofield, Ashcroft, Aspen, Pittsburg and numerous gulches, most prominent of which are "Poverty" and O Be Joyfull.

The railway only reached Crested Butte late in 1881, but up to the summer of 1883 was run into it only from the east, and it was often "washed out" by storms or "snowed up," so that it was in operation only about one-half the time. In the summer of 1883, the D. & R. G. road completed its Utah division through to Salt Lake City and Ogden. The road was maintained in first rate running order, and the coals of Crested Butte found their longed-for outlet to points on the Union Pacific and Central Pacific roads. The active history of Crested Butte may therefore be said to have been born in the summer of 1883. Its coal supply, as I have stated, is inexhaustible, and when properly opened and handled will afford occupation to thousands of men and millions of money. The demand for its coke must of necessity be very great, and the coke is there to meet it. It will not be many years before the lines of coke ovens on the gentle, sloping "mesas" at Crested Butte will transform it into a second Connellsville; and these, with their kindred collateral industries, should properly confirm it as "The Pittsburg of the West."

It can readily be seen what opportunities these gradually developing industries present to the employment of capital and the energies of men, and the search for the investment of the former and the use of the latter need go no further, but stop right here, at Crested Butte.

In addition to her varied coal supply, Crested Butte is surrounded by immense forests of large pine timber, apparently exhaustless. She has large beds of brick and fire brick clay, building stone of almost every kind, iron ore of every character, lime and gypsum in unlimited quantity and fine quality. Near her are splendid mineral springs of iron, soda and sulphur water, both hot and cold. The mountains surrounding her and the valley in which she lies are well watered with streams abounding with trout. The hills and valleys are overrun with wild game of every description, from the cinnamon bear to the snow shoe rabbit; from the red-winged blackbird to the changeful-plumaged ptarmigan. Unlike the city of Gunnison, Crested Butte is protected by her surrounding hills from the onslaught of the not always comfortable "Colorado zephyr," and therefore her citizens do not suffer from the ever flying dust. The grass of the valley and of the sides of the mesas, hills and mountains surrounding and guarding it, is as green as that of a Pennsylvania clover field, from May to December. The climate during this period is delightful, the days being pleasantly warm, but never too much so, and the nights always good to sleep in, so that one can scarcely find a more desirable abiding place in the summer season than Crested Butte; whether to ride or walk, to sit and do nothing, or to work and make money, to fish, to hunt, to ramble and investigate; to contemplate what has already been found, or to prospect for more; to take position in the occupations already made, or to achieve new results. Everything, almost, can be done with money, at Crested Butte.

In addition to her immense coal measures, she has on all sides of her, independent of the contributory towns and camps hereinbefore referred to, mineral veins comparatively unexplored, but so far as prospected, of surprising extent, number and richness. It was only last autumn that this fact was fully ascertained. The mineral, so far as struck, is of surprisingly high grade, easily worked, and "quick" paying. Getting richer as developed, there seems to be nothing upon which to base an estimate of its possible or probable value.

It is astonishing, but nevertheless true, that although a mining camp four or five years ago, it is only now that the fact is fully comprehended that Crested Butte is the heart of probably the richest group of true fissure silver veins in Colorado. In Poverty Gulch, which opens out right upon the town of Crested Butte, there were opened and worked to pay, only late last fall, at least six good mines, which net to the owners over $100 per ton, in the lowest case, and which these owners have been going around boring everybody to buy for four or five years past, having no idea of the real value of their possessions. Since the fact was discovered, however, prospectors have been actively at work, and it is confidently asserted that there will be fully twenty paying mines actively at work this year in Poverty Gulch alone. It is claimed by reliable men that more silver will be shipped from Crested Butte during 1881 than from any other single point in Colorado, barring only Leadville, and these authorities assert, on what seems to be good grounds, that within five years from this date, Crested Butte will be the largest producer and shipper of silver in the country, not excepting Leadville.

Within eight miles of Crested Butte, at towns tributary to her, are smelters and concentrators, but, strange as it may appear, and strange as it really is, there is not a single smelter or concentrator at work in Crested Butte, the point where everything which enters into a smelter or concentrator is found; the gold, silver, lead, lime, iron, wood, coal, coke; and all these articles are shipped from Crested Butte by wagon to the smelters and concentrators

[Continued on second page.]

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All advertisements for the Weekly Gazette must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them.

H. W. STEELE,
Manager of the Gazette.

The Denver Tribune of yesterday had a complete expose of the Mount Pisgah swindle. It is written by one of the conspirators and gives inside facts. The letter gives ample evidence to convict those who undertook the swindle. For the good name of Colorado, the offence should not go unpunished.

The Mexican Central railway was formally accepted by the Mexican government on Saturday and it is now open for business. The length of the line in Mexico is 1,225 miles. The grant for this line was obtained in 1880 and since then construction has been rapidly pushed. The results of this four years work have been wonderful. It is a far different task from building in this country. The common laborers are very different and must be managed with great tact. The work was done under a certain kind of supervision from the Mexican government. The slowness and suspicions of the officials presented many obstacles. For years after the road was begun there was a great demand for skilled, intelligent labor in the United States, and there was great difficulty in inducing good mechanics and good railroad men to take positions on the new road. The ordinary methods of railroad building were greatly modified to meet the peculiar social business and political condition of Mexico. But in spite of difficulties which we cannot appreciate, the road has been completed. It reflects great honor on the projectors, who have not only wisely adjusted railroading to the strange conditions of this new country, but have had the financial ability to carry it through.

There should be a society here for the prevention of cruelty to animals to prosecute the guilty under our state statute. At present it is no one's business and hence it is not done. A case of this kind was started in our courts yesterday by a livery man whose horse was abused, but he withdrew the case on the payment of damages. Two young men hired horses on Sunday and visited suburban beer saloons. Just before returning one of the two lost his horse and the two rode back on a single horse. They ran the horse most of the way into the city and as a result the horse was used up when they reached the stable. Yesterday it was apparently permanently injured. This is not the first time the young men have been guilty of abusing animals. Several livery men will not let them have horses under any circumstances. They obtained the horses on Sunday simply because the livery man was new in the business, and did not know their character. Such fellows should do more than pay for the injury to the animals. This may indemnify the owner, but does not atone for cruelty to animals. They may have been intoxicated and it is to be hoped for the sake of humanity they were. But it seems to be a chronic habit either to be or to get into such a condition so that they abuse horses whenever they can hire them. When a new livery man comes to town, they will probably repeat the experiment. The only way to teach them a lesson is to prosecute them under the statute which gives as an extreme penalty for such cruelty $250 fine or a year's imprisonment in the penitentiary. Probably one conviction would teach them and some other fellows in this community that they cannot abuse horses with impunity. Usually they only over-ride the horses and do not injure them so that there are any damages to pay. In such cases their cruel sport does not cost them anything. They should be punished for being cruel and not simply pay for the injury they have done to the property of another. The latter is right but not enough. The statute was not enacted to protect the owners of horses but the dumb brutes themselves who cannot appear in court and have their wrongs redressed. The wrongs of the owner have been redressed, but there has been no penalty paid for cruelty to the horse. One of the earliest of the Leadville millionaires shot a man in a quarrel in Denver in the winter of 1878-79. When an officer came to arrest him, he said in an off hand way, "How much is it; I pay for him." This appears ridiculous for we appreciate the fact that the man who makes an attempt at the life of a fellow man, commits as great an offense against society as against the particular man he shoots. The same is true of cruelty to dumb animals. The greater offense is against society which is interested in keeping men from being brutal and punishing them when they are so.

PERSONAL.

Senor Don Rafael Zaldivar, president of the republic of Salvador, sailed from New York for Europe Wednesday.

The Springfield, (Mo.,) Leader publishes as its presidential ticket Thurman, of Ohio, and Cleveland, of New York. The editor wants to make sure of the pivotal states.

Lillie Devereux Blake says the president is very patient and courteous, but as he failed to say anything about woman suffrage in his message to congress, the women cannot support him for re election.

Joseph Cook has a pen made from a telegraph pole riddled by bullets from the gatling gun at the time of the Cincinnati riots, which he uses as an illustration of the perils of America in his lecture on the subject.

Judge Brewer made his debut as judge of the United States district court at Omaha Tuesday, and in opening the court said he had lived in ten states but the citizens of Nebraska outranked those of any other state in point of grit.

Colonel Mapleson has been so mixed up in his statements as to how much money he carried away from San Francisco that the Call comes to his assistance and says all his stories are untrue and his net profits were not less than $80,000 allowing $30,000 for expenses.

Patti seems to have carried off all the money in San Francisco.—A sad looking citizen of that town the other day carried to the express office an old and battered silver dollar which he had found in the street, and asked to have it sent to Mme. Patti. He thought it must belong to her as it was the only money he had seen since she went away.

CRESTED BUTTE.

[Concluded from first page.]

at the surrounding and tributary camps from which the results of the smelting and concentrating is thereafter wagoned into Crested Butte for shipment to its uses into the outer world. Here is a magnificent opportunity for the employment of capital, to-wit: In the establishment and operation upon a large scale of smelters and concentrators at Crested Butte. It is an opportunity which will sooner or later be grasped, and I can conceive of only one reason why it has not sooner been seized, which is, that some years ago, when Crested Butte was a mere "camp," with no railways to or from it, built or thought of, a smelter was run up, which still lies there idle. Always idle and always to be idle, probably. Cause: want of money. Its only service to the town and district has been to deter the entrance of other enterprises of the same character. It cannot always act this ungrateful part, however, nor do its owners wish it to. Either it will be taken hold of, rejuvenated and set to going, or new establishments will be inaugurated and operated, and before long Crested Butte must have located within her limits, concentrators and smelters sufficient for her rapidly growing needs.

In this direction, and in others, Crested Butte presents many opportunities for the profitable employment of money on a large scale. The town has within its limits, besides the usual or unusual allowance of bar rooms, hotels (and it has one of the very best hotels in Colorado, the Elk Mountain House, kept by mine host T. Patton), general stores, livery stables, newspaper office, etc., etc., one church under construction, a fine city hall, a large stone school house, a number of shipping houses,—chiefly to ship silver, coal, lumber, potatoes and hay,—and a very creditable depot building. No history, or epitome of history of Crested Butte would be complete without the mention of the name of Howard F. Smith, who may justly be termed "the father of the town." Among the first there, a prospector, organizer, inaugurator, worker, he is at the head of or involved in almost everything which has the good of the town for its object. He holds position under the government as postmaster. In winter and summer, "booms" or no "booms," in storm and sunshine, through good or evil report; Howard F. Smith has stuck to Crested Butte through thick and thin. Among his numerous enterprises he is now the active manager of the Anthracite Mesa Coal Mining company, an organization which is mining more anthracite coal than any other company at present in the business at Crested Butte, their production being about 200 tons per day. During the past winter the demand for anthracite was more than 2,000 tons per day, and Mr. Smith is endeavoring to arrange to supply the demand for the next winter, which is expected to be very great, it being the fact that this coal has only to be tried to fix itself as a permanent favorite.

After this preface, Colonel Hookey's letter reads as follows, viz:

CRESTED BUTTE, GUNNISON CO., COLO.,
May 30, 1884.

Capt. M. L. De Coursey, Colorado Springs:

DEAR CAPTAIN—In my last letter to you I touched upon matters pertaining to the mining interest here, and as it is utterly impossible within the narrow scope of a single letter to do full justice to the subject, I will again dilate upon the matter in such a manner as I trust will have the merit of comprehensiveness.

Crested Butte occupies a very peculiar position here in the heart of the Elk mountains. Surrounded on every side with mighty mountains, rising thousands of feet high, it is the center of a galaxy. Ruby and Irwin camps are up above us on the west about a thousand feet higher. Then in a northwesterly direction we have O Be Joyful Gulch. Further still in a northerly direction is Poverty Gulch, adjoining that is Slate river, and then due north of us stands Gothic with its circlet of outlying camps.

All these I have mentioned are, strange to say, each (including Pittsburg besides, at the foot of Poverty, and the entrance to Slate river) eight miles distant from Crested Butte. All these gulches run down to the valley in which Crested Butte nestles; and all the wealth of these mountains, gulches and camps must come in here for distribution, disposal or shipment. To the uninitiated the names seem strange. "Ruby" was called so in consequence of the wonderful display of ruby silver uncovered in the celebrated "Forest Queen" mine. "Irwin," its twin sister, was named after Dick Irwin, the great prospector.

O, Be Joyful and Poverty have quite a tale in connection with their christening. In 1879 or 1878, I am not sure which, Lew Wait, now the able and spicy editor of the Gothic Record, was prospecting along Slate river, and ascended partly up what is now termed "Poverty," and finally, getting disgusted at finding no indications of mineral; not having reached as far up as Cascade mountain (which I termed in my last letter "a mountain of mineral"); in an ebullition of disappointment he christened it "Poverty gulch." He then retraced his steps, and going down Slate river, he entered another gulch, and the first thing that met his eye was sparkling "galena." In the exuberance of the moment he christened that "O, Be Joyful gulch." Now had he gone a little further up "Poverty," he would have been close to where Yank Baxter (who must have had a little more patience) discovered his "Excelsior" mine, in the basin named "Baxter's basin."

Somehow, in my last letter, when commenting upon the richness of the "Jacob Stroeder" mine, I omitted all mention of Baxter's bonanza. It has two tunnels running into the mountain, connected by an eighteen foot shaft. The lower one is sixty-one feet long, and the upper one sixty-nine feet. In my former letter I stated that the deeper into the mountain any of these mines or claims are worked, the richer they invariably become. In 1881 Baxter had a four foot vein with an eighteen inch pay streak that ran ninety-six ounces to the ton; but in 1883, in November last, he shipped a short car load (about eight tons) to Utah, and, after paying for mining, hauling, carrying to Utah by rail and milling, the net result to him was a draft for $870.

The "Gift" is another fine claim which Trimble, one of the owners of the "Stroeder," has had tests of eight hundred ounces of silver to the ton from; and this brings me to another matter, and that is, that one of the great advantages all these claims possess, is that they are tunnels, i. e. they can be worked by tunnel, thus saving the onerous outlay incidental to hoisting—both cost of machinery and the hoisting of water.

In my next letter I will "strike" into Cascade Mountain, a "mountain of mineral."

Yours truly,
THOS. HOOKEY.

SUNDAY HAPPENINGS.

Midhat Pasha died at Constantinople from the effects of a carbuncle.

The Arcade block at Oswego, New York, burned. Loss, $50,000; insurance, $30,000.

The bark George Bentley and the ship Tucker collided. The ship sunk and three of the crew were drowned.

At Dubuque, Iowa, Mrs. Mathias Fritz was killed, and her husband was fatally injured, by being thrown from their wagon.

W. G. Case, of California, one of the delegates to the Presbyterian assembly at Saratoga, died of apoplexy, at Kansas City.

At Nimick's Station, near Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, James Moore shot and killed Michael Hart, for a supposed insult to a woman.

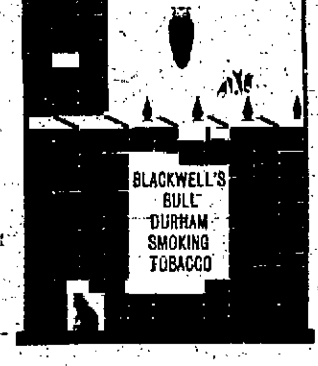
Near Milwaukee, Mrs. Blodgel, a toll gate keeper, was probably fatally beaten by a man against whom she recently testified in an arson case.

John Devoto, the private watchman at the Atlantic Garden in Cincinnati, shot Thomas McDermot through the bowels with a heavy caliber revolver because he refused to pay for a glass of beer.

About three acres of ground at Zanesville, Ohio, sank several feet, carrying down and damaging a number of houses. It is attributed to the caving in of an abandoned coal mine. No lives were lost.

Analysis by Dr. A. Voelcker, F. R. S., Consulting Chemist Royal Agricultural Society, England, shows only a trace of nitrates in Blackwell's Bull Durham Tobacco. The soil of the Golden Belt of North Carolina, in which this tobacco is grown, don't supply nitrates to the leaf. That is the secret of its delicious mildness. Nothing so pure and luxurious for smoking. Don't forget the brand. None genuine without the trade-mark of the Bull. All dealers have it.

When feline concerts drive away sleep, your best solace is found in Blackwell's Bull Durham Smoking Tobacco.



Regeneration for enfeebled systems suffering from a general want of tone and its usual concomitants, dyspepsia and nervousness, is seldom derivable from the use of a nourishing diet and stimuli of appetite, unaided. A medicine that will effect a removal of the specific obstacle to renewed health and vigor, that is a genuine corrective, is the real need. It is the possession of this grand requirement which makes Hostetter's Stomach Bitters so effective as an invigorant.

For sale by all druggists and dealers generally.
dwg-1-ly

ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES are sent on 30 Days' Trial TO MEN ONLY, YOUNG OR OLD, who are suffering from NERVOUS DEBILITY, LOST VITALITY, WASTING WEAKNESSES, and all those diseases of a PERSONAL NATURE, resulting from ABUSES and OTHER CAUSES. Speedy relief and complete restoration to HEALTH, VIGOR and MANHOOD GUARANTEED. Send at once for Illustrated Pamphlet free. Address

VOLTAIC BELT CO., Marshall, Mich.
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Colorado City Brewery!

HILL & DRAKE, Proprietors.

LAGER BEER.

Milwaukee and St. Louis in keg or bottle.

Deliveries on Wednesdays and Saturday.

Colorado Springs business order through

Sanderson & Co., Agents.

Huerfano street. c-8-tf

TRADE DIRECTORY.

All cards under this head consist of announcements of particular branch of trade and address. Any other matter in them will be charged for at our card rates.

W. C. T. U.

The W. C. T. U. meets 2d and 4th Thursdays each month in the Y. M. C. A. rooms.

MEAT MARKETS.

FARRAR & NEFF'S MARKET. H. Neff & L. B. Farrar, dealers in meats poultry, fish and game, first door south of post office. Telephone orders solicited. The only market in the city that handles fish twice a week. 2-10-tf.

E. D. SABINE,

General Agent.

REAL ESTATE,

INSURANCE,

LOANS, ETC.

I have some of the most desirable property in this city, Manitou and other towns in El Paso county to sell and to rent.

FOR SALE.

FOUR dwelling houses in different locations among the most desirable in Colorado Springs. Two of these will be sold with furniture, if desired.

EIGHTEEN building lots in Manitou, the best now left in that charming locality. This is a rare opportunity to secure an elegant home in the "Saratoga of the West."

10,000 acres of land in Texas, which I will sell cheap.

A FINE HOTEL. One of the best locations in El Paso county, in excellent repair, 35 rooms more or less, including large parlor, office and sample rooms, baggage room, very large dining room, large kitchen, pantry, wash room, coal house, ice house well filled, with meat room adjoining, good cellars. Two large lots containing several acres of fertile land to be sold with the house, which is well furnished and in that excellent condition characteristic of the genuine New Englander. On account of the health of the owner, I will offer this property at a very low price, if sold soon.

DAIRY RANCH containing six acres seeded to alfalfa; thirty acres of tillable land; range sufficient for a large number of cows, with an excellent barn and a good fence around the whole ranch belonging to its owner. This desirable property, only one mile from Colorado Springs, I will sell for $9,800, if called for soon.

"Last but not least:" A prosperous and well established business in Colorado Springs. As the owner has other business requiring his immediate attention in another locality, I am able to give the ready purchaser a rare bargain. Cash required from $2,000 to $3,000.

FOR RENT.

Private residence, well furnished.
House of 8 rooms, furnished, $35.
House of 2 rooms, $8.
House of 5 rooms, $15.
House of 4 rooms, $10.
House of 4 rooms, $20.
Three desirable office rooms.
Seven cottages in Manitou, furnished and unfurnished.

INSURANCE.

Fire, Life and Accident.

I represent the oldest, the strongest and the most trustworthy Insurance Companies in the world. The Equitable, represented only at this agency, did a business of over $80,000,000 in 1883, which is the largest business ever done in one year by any Life Insurance Company.

Our fire companies are equally as reliable. Such companies as the Insurance Company of North America, Hartford, Phenix, Continental, German American, Pennsylvania, Commercial Union, Sun etc., etc., once known to those who have lost by fire will never be forgotten.

$6,000 to Loan

ON GOOD SECURITY.

Office in the Opera House,

Colorado Springs, or in the post office at Manitou.

E. D. SABINE.
d 27 tf

THE

D.&R.G.

RAILWAY.

IN

COLORADO,

NEW MEXICO

AND UTAH

THE NEW SCENIC ROUTE TO

UTAH, MONTANA,

AND THE

Pacific Coast.

The best route, because

THE MOST CONVENIENT,

THE MOST PICTURESQUE,

THE MOST DIRECT

Opening to the Ranchmen over a million acres of fertile land; to the Stock Grower vast ranges yet unclaimed; and to the Miner regions rich in the precious metals.

—THE—

Denver & Rio Grande

IS THE

FAVORITE ROUTE

FOR PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT

Between all the most important Cities and Mining camps in Colorado and Utah. Over 1,500 miles of Standard and Narrow Gauge, splendidly equipped and carefully managed.

THE DENVER & RIO GRANDE EXPRESS

is operated in connection with the railway, and guarantees prompt and efficient service at reasonable rates.

D. C. DODGE, General Manager
F. C. NIMS, Gen. Pass. & Tkt. Agt

DENVER, COLORADO.

F. C. ROWE,

Real Estate.

$10,000 TO LOAN

In Sums from $500 Up.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Houses.

Private residence, elegantly furnished.	
House of 7 rooms, Weber st	$40.00
House of 5 rooms, Boulder st	30.00
3-room cottage, Kiowa st	15.00
House of 6 rooms, Vermijo ave	25.00
House of 4 rooms, Tejon st	25.00
House of 6 rooms, Nevada ave	30.00
House of 3 rooms, Cucharas st	25.00
Residence, Cascade ave	70.00
House of 5 rooms, Pike's Peak ave	40.00
House of 6 rooms, Bijou st	45.00

Unfurnished Houses.

House of 3 rooms, Tejon st	$7.00
3 rooms for housekeeping, central loca'n	6.50
House of 6 rooms, Tejon st	21.00
House of 7 rooms, N Nevada ave	25.00
House of 5 rooms, Cucharas st	10.00
2-room house, Nevada ave	4.00
House of 8 rooms, Nevada ave	30.00
House of 5 rooms on garden tract	15.00
House of 5 rooms, Tejon st	12.00
House of 2 rooms, Kiowa st	6.00
House of 4 rooms, St. Vrain st	14.00
House of 4 rooms, Huerfano st	12.00
House of 5 rooms, Tejon st	15.00
House of 4 rooms, Vermijo ave	5.00

An Entirely New List of Property For Sale will be Advertised in this Column Each Week. List for the Week Ending May 17th, 1884, is as follows:

FOR SALE.

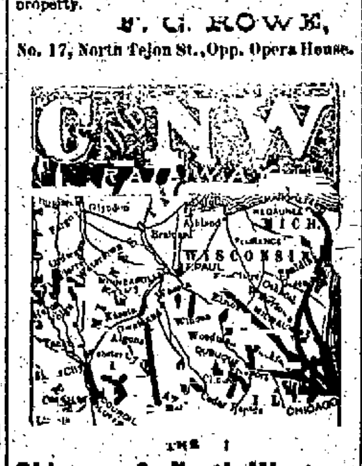
6198	NEVADA AVE—Centrally located property, suitable for business	$8,000
6191	RANCH—200 acres close to city, with beautiful country residence	3,400
6186	HORSES—To trade for small place	
	SUMMER RESORT—Hotel building, with beautiful grounds, water, view, etc.; one of the most attractive spots in Colorado	
6190	CATTLE RANCH—200 acres, with plenty of water, adjoining large range; fences and improvements cost $1,500	2,000
6144	PIKE'S PEAK AVE—Pretty cottage house of 5 rooms, in nice neighborhood	2,800
6410	EL PASO ST—700 feet, with small buildings	3,200
6103	RIO GRANDE ST—Vacant lot	100
6140	FINE RESIDENCE—One of the most desirable in the city; price very low	
5464	COSTILLA ST—Cosy place	1,300
5291	WAHSATCH AVE—New house	600
5196	NEVADA AVE—8-room house in choice location; nice grounds	5,500
5375	N WEBER ST Splendidly located lot	550

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call.

Carriage always in attendance to examine property.

F. C. ROWE,

No. 17, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.



THE

Chicago & North-Western

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

OF THE

WEST AND NORTHWEST

It is the SHORT, SURE and SAFE route between

Council Bluffs

—AND—

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points EAST, such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago North-Western and the U. P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint union depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle routes.

Palace Drawing Room Cars

Are run on all through trains of this road.

It is the ONLY ROAD between

COUNCIL BLUFFS and CHICAGO

Upon which is run the celebrated

Imperial Dining Cars.

Insist upon ticket agents selling you tickets via this road. Examine your tickets, and refuse to buy if they do not read over the Chicago & North-Western railway.

If you wish the best traveling accommodations you will buy your tickets by this route —AND WILL TAKE NONE OTHER.

All ticket agents sell tickets by this line.

GEO. D. WILLIAMSON, Traveling Agent,

W. N. BABCOCK, General Agent,

No. Windsor Hotel Block, Denver. b-l-tf

FOR SALE!

1,000 Shares of Capital Stock

OF THE

Common Sense Prospecting & Mining Co.

For particulars, address T. J. Fisher, treasurer, P. O. Box 409, City; or apply to J. J. Cerum, Wauless block. d-26-1m

Wills & Sharpless

REAL ESTATE

AND

INSURANCE,

NOTARIES PUBLIC AND COMMISSIONERS OF DEEDS.

City and Country Property

For Sale on Easy Terms.

MONEY TO LOAN

On approved Real Estate security in sums to suit borrowers.

We Offer the Following Desirable Properties

FOR RENT.

FURNISHED HOUSES.

Furnished house of 8 rooms on Cascade; per mo., $60.

One of the finest residences in town, complete in every respect.

Minutely furnished house of 6 rooms on N Weber, ready June 1st; per mo., $60.

Completely furnished house of 8 rooms and bath room near town with good stable and five acres of ground. Per month $70.

Furnished house of 7 rooms, very centrally located on Pike's Peak ave.; per mo., $40.

A furnished house of 12 rooms on North Cascade, per mo., $45.

Furnished house of 8 rooms near town, with 5 acres of highly cultivated land, per mo., $40.

Furnished house of 6 rooms on Bijou street; per mo., $45.

Furnished house south of town, with billiard table, etc.; per mo., $40.

House of 4 rooms partially furnished, on N. Cascade avenue; per mo., $25.

Large house and grounds on corner lot, Pike's Peak avenue; will rent partially furnished on very reasonable terms.

Fine residence on corner lot, with all modern improvements, completely furnished; per mo., $100.

OFFICES, ETC.

Three communicating offices, in the Streitell block, on Pike's Peak ave.

Two store rooms on Pike's Peak avenue, in a good location for trade; per mo., $12 each.

Two good rooms over a store on Tejon street.

RANCHES.

A large well built house, stable and 320 acres of land on yearly rental.

UNFURNISHED HOUSES.

House of 5 rooms on corner of Boulder and Nevada; per mo., $20.

House of 7 rooms on corner lot, best part Weber st; per month $25.

Pleasantly situated house of 7 rooms on N Nevada; per mo., $20.

House of 7 rooms on Huerfano street, very central; per mo., $25.

The Wood house of 8 rooms, facing west, opposite the College Reservation; per mo., $30.

House of 5 rooms on 100 foot corner on North Weber, per mo., $15.

House of 6 rooms, bath room, etc., on St Vrain street; per mo., $30.

House of 3 rooms in a very central location on Cascade avenue, per mo., $12.

House of 3 rooms on full lot on Wahsatch with stable and all conveniences, per mo., $13.

House of 3 rooms on Moreno ave; per mo., $8.

House of 7 rooms on corner lot, on S Tejon; per mo., $20.

House of 6 rooms, with pantry, cellar and stable, on S Nevada; per mo., $16.

Small house on Chestnut street, in good order; per mo., $4.

Very desirable house on S Cascade.

House of 3 rooms on Cascade, with superior outbuildings, lawn, etc.; per mo., $12.

Small house on Cimarron; per mo., $4.

OFFICE, NO. 19 N. TEJON STREET.

Opp. Opera House.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

Cards under this head state profession and address. Any other matter will be charged for at our card rates.

DR. JAMES R. WILCOX,

OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, southeast corner of Nevada and Huerfano streets. Have been in active practice for thirty-five years and made diseases of women and children a specialty. 1-7-3m

WM. WADE BEEBE. JOS. M. KNAPP.

BEEBE & KNAPP,

Attorneys & Counsellors,

STREITELL BLOCK, Colorado Springs. 1-6-tf

DR. HARTUNG,

DENTIST.

OF CLASS '70, N. Y. Dental college. Office hours 9 to 12, 2 to 4. Room C, over Robinson's drug store. d 27 1m

W. A. RICHARDS

County Surveyor,

U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyor.

OFFICE over Robinson's drug store. dwl-1y

E. C. WEBSTER, M. D.,

Office No. 7 S. Tejon street,

RESIDENCE—CRAWFORD HOUSE. Have for the past seventeen years made a special study of female and children's disease. d-11-tf

DR. W. K. SINTON,

DENTIST,

COLORADO SPRINGS, COLO. Office with Dr. Cooper, Kiowa street, between Tejon street and Nevada avenue. c-27-tf

R. T. ROWE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Colorado Springs, Colo.

OFFICE—Over First National Bank. b-3-ly

JOHN CAMPBELL. J. B. MCINTYRE.

CAMPBELL & McINTYRE,

Attorneys-at Law,

ROOMS 6 and 7, Opera House. a-8-tf

DR. W. L. BARTLETT

DENTIST.

ROOMS over the post office. Reasonable prices and satisfaction guaranteed. f-4-ly

FOWLER & PALMER,

DENTISTS.

ROOMS in Prewitt Block, Tejon street, opposite Giddings & Stillman's. f-17-tf

DR. W. N. MESERVE,

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NO. 7 SOUTH TEJON STREET. a-5-ly

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DAILY GAZETTE.

TUESDAY, MAY 13, 1884.

XLVIII Congress.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, May 12.—Bills were introduced and referred:

Cox, of New York, to place General Grant on the retired list.

Hewitt, of New York, to modify existing laws relating to duties on imports, and internal revenue laws, and enlarge the free list.

Payson, to restrict the ownership of real estate in the territories to American citizens. It prohibits any non-resident alien who has not declared his intention to become a citizen of the United States from acquiring, owning, possessing or holding any real estate in any of the territories.

Belford, to prevent sudden contraction of the currency. It prohibits any solvent national bank from retiring more than 10 per cent per annum of its entire issue of notes and provides that any bank violating this prohibition shall forfeit its charter.

The senate bill passed to prevent and punish counterfeiting within the United States of securities of foreign governments.

The following conference committees were appointed: On the Fitz John Porter bill—Slocum, Morgan and Steele. On the bill establishing a bureau of animal industry—Hatch of Missouri, Durell and Wilson of Iowa.

The house proceeded to consideration of business relating to the District of Columbia. Consideration of the bill appropriating $5[illegible],000 to complete the sewerage system of the district was continued in committee of the whole.

The committee rose and reported the bill to the house and it passed. Bills were also passed for increasing the water supply of the city of Washington and for the protection of fish in the Potomac.

The next bill considered was one relating to police regulations in the District of Columbia. A section prohibiting the sales of lottery tickets gave rise to some discussion, Browne characterizing the Louisiana state lottery as the colossal swindle of the age. He was informed that the clerks of one of the government departments expended $10,000 monthly in lottery tickets. The Louisiana Lottery Co. defies the courts, departments and public opinion but it should not be allowed to defy congress.

Belford denied the right of congress to prohibit an individual from spending his money as he saw fit. Did the gentleman from Indiana think congress should prevent five or six respectable gentlemen from sitting down to a game of poker. He did not want any of this puritanical kind of legislation. The whole thing was humbug and when the house got through this bill he would move to strike out the enacting clause and commit the morality of the nation to the care of the state of Indiana, as its political virtues had been committed to the state of Ohio.

Weller, while expressing opposition to all games of chance, from pitching pennies to gambling in breadstuffs, did not regard the Louisiana lottery as the colossal swindle of the age, but thought that title more applicable to the national bank scheme.

Skinner, of New York, offered an amendment repealing the law requiring commercial travelers to pay a license tax to the district of Columbia. The amendment was adopted and the bill passed.

O'Neill of Missouri introduced the following bill:

WHEREAS, The existing tariff taxes on articles of food increase the cost of living to the people and produce a large surplus revenue; therefore be it enacted, that from and after July 1st, '84, the following named articles be exempt from duty: Raw sugar, not refined, molasses, salt, rice, rye and barley, potatoes, oatmeal, currants and raisins, prunes, peas and beans, butter and cheese, live animals, vegetables, chicory.

Referred. O'Neill estimates the bill will accomplish a reduction of $57,000,000 in revenue.

Adjourned.

SENATE.

The chair laid before the senate a petition of the American Medical association praying that steps be taken to prevent the spread of epidemic diseases.

McMillan, committee on judiciary, offered a resolution, which was agreed to, authorizing the committee to inquire into the facts forming the basis of a bill recently introduced by Garland to amend the Thurman act relating to claims of the government against the Union and Central Pacific railroads. The committee is authorized to send for persons and papers.

Van Wyck moved to take up his resolution directing the secretary of the interior to withhold from the Northern Pacific railroad patents to certain land grants. Agreed to.

Conger said there was a legal question involved and thought the resolution should be referred to the judiciary committee for its opinion; besides it was questionable whether the senate should direct an executive officer not to execute the law.

The matter went over, and the Indian appropriation bill was taken up.

The pending question was on Hawley's motion to increase to $25,000 the appropriation for education in Alaska. Hawley supported his motion.

Vest said he would favor the highest amount the senate would appropriate for Indian education, provided both sexes were educated. It is useless, he said, to educate the boys and learn Indian girls without education. At the end of the school terms the boys went back to their tribes, were jeered and ridiculed for white accomplishments and wound up by becoming more barbarous and cruel and uncivilized than the ignorant men of their tribes. Although a Protestant Vest felt compelled to say the Jesuits had shown the only real success in the education and civilization of Indians. Two things had contributed to that success; one that when their teachers went among the Indians they did not look back to civilization, but devoted the whole period of their lives to the work; the other, that they educate both sexes, boys and girls, equally. Educated and civilized they grew into manhood and womanhood with the prospect and anticipation of Christian marriage. They did not go back to their tribes, but became part and parcel of civilization. This result could never be reached by the education of one sex only.

Dawes spoke of the great good being accomplished by Indian schools.

Ingalls said Indian education produced phenomena rather than results. There were individual instances of extreme interest shown by it but it did not make any appreciable change in Indian character. Cities, civilizations and philosophies were not made; they grew, and that slowly. It was desirable, as far as possible, to ameliorate the condition of Indian tribes, but the system we had been pursuing had resulted simply in this, that if an educated Indian returned to his tribe he found himself an alien and an outcast, with no companionship or association, no one with whom he could ally himself, and his last condition was worse than the first; yet if he came into competition with the white man he was lost. Ingalls thought the best thing that could be done for the Indian would be to make him amenable to the law, which he was not now. He had heard enough of rather stale denunciation of the government for its extermination of the Indians. There were as many Indians on the continent to-day as in 1492. The government had on the contrary always shown leniency to the Indian. It was no use teaching Indians the Greek alphabet and differential calculus, serving him his dinner in courses and showing him how to wear the high hat and gold watch of civilization. "I was just as absurd and would be as futile to do that as to go among a herd of Texas broad-horn steers and endeavor to turn them into Durham and thoroughbreds by reading Alexander's herd-book in the cattle pens.

Hoar replied to Ingalls by reading from the report of the chief of the Cherokee nation, in which thanks are conveyed to the government of the United States for its efforts toward Indian civilization. Hoar supposed the Indians had cost the government in war and losses of all sorts a thousand millions of dollars. Yet there were only 200,000 of them. These wars and losses unquestionably had been brought about in the first place by wrongs perpetrated by whites upon the Indians. He thought it better to endeavor to adapt Indians for civilization than to follow up any further the policy that has so long prevailed.

Dawes said the senator from Kansas (Ingalls) was mistaken as to history, mistaken as to fact, mistaken as to the philosophy of man's being, and guilty of a libel on the whole human race when he insinuated that any of its members were incapable of being trained and educated.

Frye moved that the shipping bill be taken up in order to retain its place as unfinished business. Agreed to.

Adjourned.

The Cincinnati Riots.

CINCINNATI, May 12.—The special grand jury investigating recent riots reports that searching investigation has failed to secure sufficient information to identify any considerable number of participants. The report says: In view of recent evasions and quibbles in the execution of the laws it is not strange that misguided persons should have attempted to take the law into their own hands. The conduct of the 14th regiment is highly commended.

Christians Massacred.

DURBAN, South Africa, May 12. Usutus attacked a Norwegian mission in Hlabatki on the 4th inst. Three were killed, though the missionaries were spared. The marauders returned at night and killed all the Christians they could find.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

Indications for Colorado—Local rains.

Warm weather is causing floods and damage to nearly all the roads in Utah.

Zebehr Pasha now announces that he will not rest until he has killed General Gordon.

The Arabs around Assouan have received a message from El Mahdi, and trouble is brewing.

Castro, the filibuster, has left Key West for Nassau, where the Cuban patriots will join him.

A London dispatch says: The ship George Beveley was sunk in collision off Taskar light.

El Mahdi has ordered Osman Digma to capture Dongola and then move into Upper Egypt.

Portevin, the secretary of the French consulate in New York, is to be recalled for using unpatriotic language.

Pere Hyacinthe has received formal notice that the French government has legalized his church, and he leaves for Paris immediately.

At a mixed wrestling match at Cleveland between Duncan C. Ross and G. W. Flagg, of Vermont, Ross won the first, third and fifth bouts and the match.

A ten days' skirmish between the French and the Annamite pirates resulted in the capture of one gun and the loss of one life. Five men were wounded.

No news has been obtained of the man who robbed the Catholic priest at Fort Worth, Texas, of $13,000. The priest has gone on his way to California.

Attempts are being made to send Earl Granville's message of April 24 to General Gordon, asking how many troops he requires, but not positively promising any assistance.

A treaty has been signed between France and China. France establishes a protectorate over Tonquin and Annam. The customs police on the frontier are to be regulated by their joint action.

The Pittsburg telegraphers disclaim all knowledge of the movement to reorganize their brotherhood, and strike during the Chicago convention. Many of them, however, favor an organization.

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Teachers' Examination.

The second quarterly teachers' examination for El Paso county will be held in Colorado Springs, at the court house, commencing at 9 o'clock, a. m., on Friday, the 30th day of May, 1884.

B. A. P. EATON,
County Superintendent.

we-10-4 d-tu-th-sa-may

Stockholders' Meeting.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the National Land and Improvement Company of Colorado will be held June 2, 1884, at noon, at their office in Colorado Springs, Colo., for the election of officers and such other business as may lawfully be presented.

GEORGE H. PARSONS,
Secretary.

c-8-td

Notice for Publication.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO, Col., April 11, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, Colo., on May 19th, 1884, viz:

Albert K. Barwise, declaratory statement No. 8,718, for the west half of southeast quarter and west half of northeast quarter of section 1, township 17 south, range 68 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: L. P. Bixby, John H. Hugh, John C. Terry and John H. Higgins, all of Sun View, El Paso county, Colorado.

MARK L. BLUNT,
Register.

d12 e17

Publication Notice.

LAND OFFICE AT PUEBLO, Col., April 30th, 1884.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settlers have filed notice of their intention to make final proof in support of their claims, and that said proof will be made before the register and receiver at Pueblo, Colorado, on June 11th, 1884, viz:

James Dobbins, declaratory statement No. 8,767, for lot 4 of nw qr and w hf sw qr of section 5, township 16 south, range 56 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Lycurgus Coudry, of Sanborn post office, Bent county, Colorado; F D Eubank, W A Petty and Lee Waddle, now of Bijou Basin post office, El Paso county, Colo.

Lycurgus Coudry, declaratory statement No. 8,713, for the se qr nw qr, ne qr sw qr, nw qr se qr and sw qr ne qr of section 31, township 15 south, range 56 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: James Dobbins, of Sanborn post office, Bent county, Colo.; F D Eubank, W A Petty and Lee Waddle, now of Bijou Basin post office, El Paso county, Colo.

John Dodd, declaratory statement No. 8,982, for the ne qr nw qr, ne hf ne qr, se qr ne qr of section 4, township 13 south, range 57 west; that he intends to transmit his preemption claim to a homestead entry. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: T S Harper, Walter Tappan and Samuel S Lindholm, of Hugo post office, Elbert county, Colo., and Charles Tourlow, of Sanborn post office, Bent county, Colo.

Also, the following who will offer their proof before the judge and ex-officio clerk of El Paso county court, at Colorado Springs, Colo., on the same day:

Jane Cormack, H. S. No. 934, for the n hf ne qr, sw qr ne qr of section 6, township 11 south, range 66 west. She names the following witnesses to prove her continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: E S Ritchey, G L Walker, John Frock and Moses Gray, all of Monument post office, El Paso county, Colo.

Jose Mantildo Montano, declaratory statement No. 9,021, for the se qr nw qr of section 23, township 13 south, range 63 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: Charles B Snyder, Andres Lucero, W H Wells and Anicota Silva, all of Big Sandy post office, El Paso county, Colo.

James H Baldwin, declaratory statement No. 7,521, for lots 1, 2 and n hf of s of nw qr of section 19, township 12 south, range 68 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: David Spielman, John O Fussell, A L Hubbard and J H Mathers, all of Summit Park post office, El Paso county, Colo.

Isaac Vandenburgh, declaratory statement No. 6,224, for the n hf nw qr, sw qr nw qr, nw qr sw qr of section 4, township 12 south, range 64 west. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of, said land, viz: R Stocking, A B Whitmore, Frank Smith and Homer Laughlin, all of Easton post office, El Paso county, Colo.

MARK L. BLUNT,
Register.

e-3-f 7

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FOR MAY.

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TUESDAY, MAY 13, 1881

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

No 1 Pacific express, for Gunnison Salt Lake and California, arrives 9 36 a m, departs 9,50 a m

" 3 Leadville mail arrives 11 10 a m departs 11,21 a m

" 5 Kansas City Express arrives 2 30 p m, departs 2,35 p m

" 7 Leadville, Durango and Silverton express arrives 11 01 p m

TRAINS GOING NORTH

No 2 Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 3 47 a m, departs 3.52 a m

" 4 Kansas City Express arrives 12 15 p m departs 12 20 p m

" 6 Leadville mail, arrives 4 22 p m departs 4.27 p m

" 8 Atlantic express from California Salt Lake and Gunnison arrives 5 40 p m,

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y.

WESTWARD		EASTWARD	
No 9 Leaves	9 50a m	No 10—Arrives	9 05 a m
No 11— "	11 3Ja m	No 12—	10 50 a m
No 13— "	12 40p m	No 14—	1 15p m
No 15— "	3 1 p.m	No 16—	1 50 p m
No 17— "	4 10 p m	No 18—	3 0p m
No 19— "	6 00 p m	No 21—	7 20 p m

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GOING SOUTH	DEPART	
Via D. & R. G.	9 14 a m / 10 50 a m	6 00 p, m
Via D & N. O		11 45 p m.
GOING NORTH		
Via D. & N. O / Via D. & R. G		3 20 p m / 4 03 p m / 5 30 p m
MAIL FROM THE NORTH	ARRIVE	
Via D & R G	9 44 a m / 11 25 a m	11.23 p, m
Via D. & N O	11.45 a. m	
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH		
Via D & N O / Via D & R. G	4 07 a m	4 00 p m / 4 12 p. m / 6.00 p m
	DEPART	ARRIVE
Colorado City & Manitou	10.50 a. m / 4 02 p m	11 20 a. m / 4 52 p m

Mail for Saxview and Hatton closes Sunday at 5 00 p m. Arrives Thursday at 6 00 p m

Mail for Suffolk and Sauborn closes Monday at 12 m, and arrives Saturday at 3 p m

Telegraph Office Hours

Week days	8 a. m to 8 p m
Sundays	8 to 10 a m and 4 to 6 p. m

MISS M A CARPENTER, Manager

Judge Harrison was in the city on Sunday

"A Bunch of Keys" will be a big attraction at the opera house May 19th

El Paso county's democratic convention will probably be held some time next week

Walt Smith spent Sunday in Colorado Springs and returned to Denver yesterday at noon

Mrs. R B Coulson, accompanied by her son and daughter, left for Toronto, Canada, yesterday

Decoration day, May 30th, will be appropriately celebrated by the G A R, boys of Colorado Springs

Assistant Inspector N B Yockey, of Pueblo, is looked for to inspect the Colorado Springs post G A R

A number of the Colorado Springs people have already or will take advantage of the cut railroad rates to visit friends at the east.

In all probability the cut in rates from Colorado eastward will not exist longer than the 15th inst, when established pool rates will be restored

Mr A S Welch returned from his winter's sojourn in Kentucky on Sunday and will again assume the duties of his old position in the First National bank

Ex Police Officer J L Clark has established himself as a landscape gardener. He has had extended experience in this work and will guarantee satisfaction

To morrow night John B. Gough will give his lecture at the opera house on "Peculiar People." There has already been a large sale of seats for the lecture

Dr. Little of Glens Falls, New York, is taking in the sights in and about Colorado Springs and Manitou. He was a former school chum of Messrs C E Noble and C H White of this city

Rev Myron W Reed, pastor of the First Congregational church, Denver, preached at the opera house on Sunday, both morning and evening. The house was filled with intent listeners upon both occasions

The W C T U meets this afternoon at 3 o clock in the Y M C A building. A full attendance of the members, and all ladies interested in temperance, is desired. The annual election of officers will occur

Count superintendent of schools, Mr B A F Eaton, informs us that the usual reduction in rates will be given school teachers going east this year. We understand that these rates are one half fare, but that tickets will not be sold after the 15th inst, good to return until September 1.

Some very showy paper advertising for "A Bunch of Keys" was pasted upon the bill boards about the city yesterday. This is without doubt one of the most meritorious and taking companies that has appeared in Colorado Springs this season. The company will be here on Monday, May 19th

Major Macombe received news yesterday morning to the effect that he was interested to the extent of $30,000 in a New England estate. Such astonishing and at the same time fortunate news was almost a complete surprise to the major, as he little expected to be financially remunerated from this source

As was predicted by the GAZETTE in Sunday's 100-yard race for $350 a side, between Stine and Skinner, the latter came out victorious. Skinner won this time in 10 1 5 seconds, leading his opponent at the outcome by at least five feet. Where was Skinner the week previous when Stine downed him in 10¾ seconds?

There is serious talk of the organization of a bicycle club in Colorado Springs. As is known to everybody we have the best streets for bicycle riding in the west, and now that the ordinance against riding upon our highways has been repealed wheelmen can use our streets without fear of being stopped by the officers.

A challenge has been received by the Colorado Springs Blues from the Pueblo team for a game of foot ball to be played at the De Remer rink, Pueblo. The Pueblo boys are expert and experienced players and hold the balance of power in their hands, but the "Blues" have accepted and will play some day this week

County court was in session yesterday and several civil cases were disposed of. In the morning the case of Durkee vs Harrison & Co was given a hearing. In the afternoon the case of Lundley vs Lloyd was called. Judgment was given in favor of the defendant and an appeal taken to district court by complainant. Court adjourned to 9 30 Wednesday morning

Of Mr Gough who will lecture at the opera house to-morrow night the Bradford, (Pa,) Evening Star says: Mr Gough has, without question been the most popular platform lecturer in the world during the last twenty five years. No other living man has lectured to so many thousands of people as he has. As a lecturer he is inimitable. He has gathered a fund of the most remarkable anecdotes and incidents ever used for illustration. Many of them provoke the most unbounded laughter, while others stir the profoundest depths of sympathy. His life has thrown him into circumstances where he has seen every variety of light and shadow which the world affords. No one who has heard him tell those incidents can by any possibility ever forget the impression

The "Hand Book for Prohibition for 1884" is among the latest contributions to the "many books" of the period. It is a volume of 160 pages, sold in paper covers for twenty five cents, and is a very timely book. No intelligent man can shut his eyes to the fact that an intense agitation is in progress respecting alcoholic beverages. Whatever may be his opinions of this agitation, he will be glad to know that within the compass of a few pages he can get authentic definitions, statements of the facts which underlie the agitation, a history of the reform in this country historically and chronologically arranged, full account of the political phases of the agitation, and in short an answer to about all the questions likely to be asked during this campaign year. It is published by A J Jutkins, corresponding secretary of the prohibition home protection party, 87 Washington street, Chicago, Ill

"A Bunch of Keys, or the Hotel," the most successful comedy of the season, will be produced at the opera house next Monday evening, May 19th, by Messrs. Ldonlu's and Sanger's Sparks company. This celebrated comedy has been produced in all the large cities east by the same company which will appear here, and their business has been the largest ever known, they having packed the houses wherever they have appeared. It is seldom this strong attraction ever plays one night stands, owing to the immense expense attached to getting up the large hotel scene. Manager Nye has arranged to bring this entire scene down here from the Tabor Grand opera house and the play will be produced the same here as in Denver. The Tribune in speaking of this scene says "In the matter of scenic effects nothing more elaborate or realistic could be presented than the great hotel scene, which has been gotten up especially for this play by the Tabor management. The best skill of Stage Manager Alexander and Scenic Artist Berkley has been brought to bear upon this scene, and it will compare favorably with any that has ever been exhibited to the public."

BUSINESS LOCALS.

Ten cents per line for first insertion, five cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements to go in every other day, or on certain days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion

HALLETT & BAKER,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
No 2 Pike's Peak Avenue — j 13 tf

Furniture, carpets, stoves, etc — all the furniture in the Colorado Springs hotel — must be sold or removed in the next three days. Come early and secure bargains — e 13 tf

Until further notice we will sell choice dairy butter at 25 cents per pound, best creamery butter at 30 cents per pound, and in tubs or pails at reduced prices. Fresh eggs 15 cents per dozen.
W. R. COLLINS & Co.
A HEMENWAY
c 13 tf

Money to loan on watches diamonds and miscellaneous securities. Address Lock Box 71 Colorado Springs — e 7 tf

DR. HARTUNG
Dentist
Of class 78 N Y Dental college
Office hours 9 to 12 and 1 to 5
Room C over Robinson's drug store
d 2 1m

Any one having gents cast off clothing which they wish to dispose of, can get full value for them by addressing "J C" this office, and stating where they can be seen — e 6-12

The finest mayonnaise dressing for all kinds of salads, cold meats, raw tomatoes, pickled salmon, cabbage, etc, is Durkee's Salad Dressing. It is besides more economical than home-made.

For all kinds of House Furnishing goods go to Fairley, the furniture man — the leader of low prices.

If you buy a Baby Carriage of Fairley and a wheel or spring should fail, he will replace it with a new one, gratis.

Canvas Cots, W W Cots and Padded Cots at Fairley's. Prices lower than ever.

Buy the Parlor Sofa Bed at Fairley's

Door Mats and Table Mats at Fairley's

Flower Pots, Hanging Baskets and Fern Stands at Fairley's

Fairley's for all kinds of Bed Springs, Mattresses, Comforters, Blankets and Pillows

Window Shades and Fixtures, Picture Frames and Moulding at Fairley's

Buy the Andrews Folding Bed of D. B. Fairley. It being the only folding bed in the Palmer house, Chicago, proves its merits

Take your Second Hand Goods to Fairley, He will pay you an honest price

D B FAIRLEY, UNDERTAKER AND EMBALMER, third door east of City Drug Store

THE COLORADO SPRINGS

CIRCULATING LIBRARY!

In response to numerous requests in the past two years I shall open a CIRCULATING LIBRARY in connection with my store about June 1st. The library will open with about 1500 bound volumes selected from the works of the most popular writers of fiction, religion, science, history, general literature, etc, and be composed of those not published in the cheap paper libraries. The new books of leading authors will be supplied immediately on publication at regular library rates

J. H. Eoff

BOOKSELLER. — o 1 tf

NEW BOOKS!

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A NUMBER OF COPIES OF "GUENN" BY BLANCHE HOWARD. WE PROPOSE ORDERING NEW BOOKS OF POPULAR AUTHORS AS SOON AS PUBLISHED, BUT WHERE WE DO NOT BOOKS CAN BE ORDERED THROUGH US AT PUBLISHERS PRICES, WE ASSUMING ALL RISKS

HOWBERT BROS.

A GREAT BARGAIN!

I will sell my residence for $2,800. The most beautiful home in Colorado

N. HODGMAN. — d 25-1f

PAPER BAG HOLDER.

This new contrivance holds three thousand paper bags of all sizes and has A TWINE HOLDER with an extension arm. The bags and twine are always at your finger ends and ready for immediate use. It takes up no room scarcely and

PAYS FOR ITSELF

In a few weeks by the time saved. Mr. A Hemenway the grocer allowed me to set up a sample in his store and is now so well pleased with it that he will not allow it to be removed till I receive another one

GO AND EXAMINE IT

There. It will pay you handsomely to do so. I will also receive orders for the celebrated NICOL & SMITH Portable Watch & Pencil Pockets.

A. K. SHARPS, Agent.

At the D & R. G. Express Office — e-11 1m

AINSWORTH BROWN

Opera House Block.

Painters' Materials and Oils

WALL PAPER, GLASS

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS MATERIALS

Painting, Paper Hanging and Calcimining.

WM. MARLOW

UPHOLSTERER.

with

D. B FAIRLEY,

Manufacturing to order or making over old furniture

Hair Mattresses made over at the house or factory.

Carpet laying and making tents and awnings a specialty. I use nothing but the best machinery and material in the market.

WORKMANSHIP guaranteed in every particular.

No 103 Tejon St — Telephone No 63 — d 26m

W. H. D MERRILL — A D DAVIS

MERRILL & DAVIS,

Sanitary Plumbers,

STEAM AND GAS FITTERS,

111 Pike's Peak av nue

Telephone No 1 — Colorado Springs Colo — b 17 tf

SPRING SUITS!

Gents, now is your time to get your new spring suits in the latest style of spring goods and make

Entire Suits	$28 00
Spring Overcoat	28 00
Pants	9 00

At Wm. Varley's,

Over H. T. O Brien's — b-3-tf

Daniels & Fisher

DENVER,

Importers, Jobbers & Retailers

OF

Dry Goods, Millinery, Carpets and UPHOLSTERY.

Mail Orders Solicited.

Samples GRATUITOUSLY furnished on application, and information pertaining to the purchase of any kind of merchandise cheerfully afforded

EVERY SIZE AND NUMBER OF

Butterick's Celebrated Patterns

Always in Stock.

Prompt and Careful Attention Given to the Smallest Mail Orders. — e-26 3m

The Colorado Springs Trunk Factory

Carries the largest and finest stock of

TRUNKS, VALISES, CLUB BAGS

AND

Ladies' Hand Satchels

In the state, and at LOWER PRICES. Call and examine the stock and prices

Repairing Done Promptly,

H. T. O'BRIEN, Proprietor,

GEORGE A BERRY, Salesman,

At the Sign of Mammoth Blue Trunk

ON HUERFANO ST — d d17-3m

SPECIAL BUSINESS LOCAL.

Thousands Say So.

Mr T. W. Atkins, Girard, Kansas, writes "I never hesitate to recommend your Electric Bitters to my customers, they give entire satisfaction and are rapid sellers." Electric Bitters are the purest and best medicine known and will positively cure kidney and liver complaints, purify the blood and regulate the bowels. No family can afford to be without them. They will save hundreds of dollars in doctor's bills every year. Sold at fifty cents a bottle at F E Robinson's — dwk-5-1y

A Wide-Awake Druggist.

Mr F E Robinson is always wide awake in his business and spares no pains to secure the best of every article in his line. He has secured the agency for the celebrated Dr King's New Discovery for consumption — the only certain cure known for consumption, coughs, colds, hoarseness, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, or any affection of the throat and lungs. Sold on positive guarantee. Will give you a trial bottle free. Regular size $1 00, — dwk 5 1y

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by F E Robinson. — dwk-5-1y

Established 1873.

EL PASO COUNTY BANK.

Capital Paid in	$100,000
Surplus	20,000

Transacts a general banking business. Drafts drawn on the principal cities of the United States and Europe

WM S JACKSON, Cashier.
J H BARLOW, Assistant Cashier

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM.

Wm S. Jackson, C H. White, J H Barlow — e 8 tf

FOR SALE!

The Colo. Springs Nurseries.

I wish to dispose of my business, with stock and fixtures and will sell to any one wishing to embark in the business

At a Very Low Figure.

I have in stock large quantities of Strawberry, Raspberry and Rhubarb Plants, Bearing Currant Bushes, Large Roses, Perennial Phlox, Peonies, Bleeding Hearts, Liliums, English Violets, Hot House Plants for bedding and a large assortment of other stock which space will not permit me to mention

WILLIAM CLARK — dw84 tf

PLANTS FOR SALE!

At the new

Greenhouses on S. Tejon St.,

One block south of the D & N O track. A fine collection of Bedding Plants. Give us a call

HENRY MASON, Proprietor. — e 13 eod

C. SCHUMANN, UPHOLSTERER.

Makes over mattresses in the shop or the house with my Portable Hair and Wool Picking Machine. Special attention paid to CARPET LAYING. My stretcher can not injure the edge

LOUIS RUMPF'S STORE.

Huerfano Street — d 11 1m

THERE ARE ONLY A FEW PATTERNS OF THOSE SUMMER SILKS, 20 YARDS FOR $9, LEFT AT GIDDINGS BROS.

b-3 tf

Great Closing Out Sale

OF LADIES', MISSES AND CHILDREN'S

READY-MADE DRESSES

AT A

Reduction of from 25 to 50 Per Cent.

BELOW THEIR ACTUAL VALUE. THEY ARE

DECIDED BARGAINS,

AND THOSE WHO WISH TO PURCHASE

READY-MADE GARMENTS

FOR USE WILL FIND THE

Prices Low Enough to Suit All,

AS THEY WILL AND MUST BE SOLD

D. J. MARTIN

a 30 ly

Watch For It.

I MEAN THE CIRCULAR JUST ISSUED, GIVING A PARTIAL ENUMERATION OF THE LOW PRICES I AM MAKING TO CLOSE OUT THE STOCK. REMEMBER THE SALE WILL POSITIVELY END BY MAY 31ST, AND IN ALL PROBABILITY BY THE 15TH

I. T. JONES, JR.,

TEJON STREET, NEXT TO THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK

d 1 tf

To My Old Patrons and Friends!

ESTABLISHED AND CARRIED BY

Old Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

STILL TO THE FRONT. NOW OPEN, OPEN, OPEN, at the Old Stand a COMPLETE and

ENTIRELY NEW STOCK

OF FANCY AND STAPLE

Dry Goods & Notions,

Comprising everything in the

DRY GOODS LINE

All new and fresh, not an old piece of goods in the store. Bought at the

LOW PRICES

That have been known for years and I propose to give my customers

THE ADVANTAGE OF IT.

The lowest prices in the state. Come and buy your goods at the Old Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium

ONE MODERATE PRICE TO ALL
NO MISREPRESENTATIONS.
POLITENESS AND COURTEOUS TREATMENT.
GLAD TO SHOW OUR GOODS.

EDWARD FERRIS

Original Proprietor and Establisher of the Old Pike's Peak Dry Goods Emporium in 1879 — d 4 tf